

Science	
Concept	Animals including humans
Year Group	
Year 1	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. I can identify and name a variety of common animals including fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals. 2. I can identify and name a variety of common animals that are carnivores, herbivores and omnivores. 3. I can describe and compare the structure of a variety of common animals (fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals, including pets) 4. I can identify, name, draw and label the basic parts of the human body and say which part of the body is associated with each sense
Year 2	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. I can notice that animals, including humans, have offspring which grow into adults 2. I can find out about and describe the basic needs of animals, including humans, for survival (water, food and air) 3. I can describe the importance for humans of exercise, eating the right amounts of different types of food, and hygiene.
Year 3	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. I can identify that animals, including humans, need the right types and amount of nutrition, and that they cannot make their own food; they get nutrition from what they eat 2. I can identify that humans and some other animals have skeletons and muscles for support, protection and movement
Year 4	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. I can describe the simple functions of the basic parts of the digestive system in humans 2. I can identify the different types of teeth in humans and their simple functions 3. I can construct and interpret a variety of food chains, identifying producers, predators and prey
Year 5	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. I can describe the changes as humans develop to old age.
Year 6	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. I can identify and name the main parts of the human circulatory system, and describe the functions of the heart, blood vessels and blood 2. I can recognise the impact of diet, exercise, drugs and lifestyle on the way their bodies function 3. I can describe the ways in which nutrients and water are transported within animals, including humans.